



Spring and JMX

Manageability for Spring-based
Applications



Scott W. Ruch
Inventa Technologies
www.inventa.com

Goals

- Understand why manageability is important
- Review the basics of JMX
- Learn how to leverage Spring's simple and transparent JMX integration



Topics

- Introduction
- Management
- JMX Overview
- Hosting Spring in JBoss
- Spring JMX Support
- Q&A



Introduction

Scott W. Ruch

sruh@inventa.com

- Software Architect, Inventa Technologies
- Software Architect, HP-Bluestone Middleware Division
 - I18n, Manageability
 - JSR 77, 160 Expert Group Member
- Application Server Technology (1999)
- Java Technology (1997)
- Telecommunications, Distributed Object Systems
- UNIX Kernel, Device Drivers, Communications Protocols
- I/O Subsystems Hardware Design / Qualification

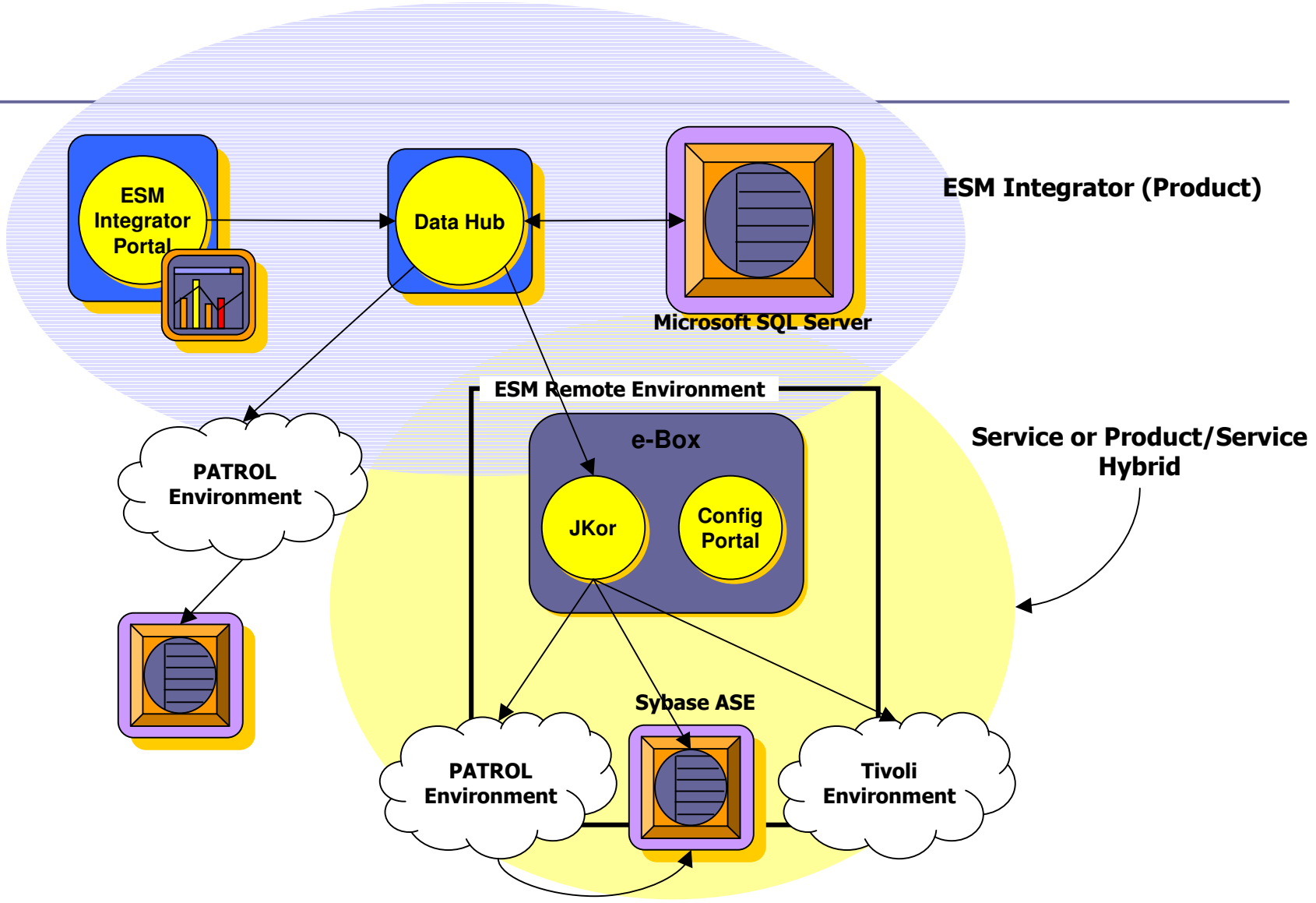


- Performance Management
- Monitoring
- Capacity Planning

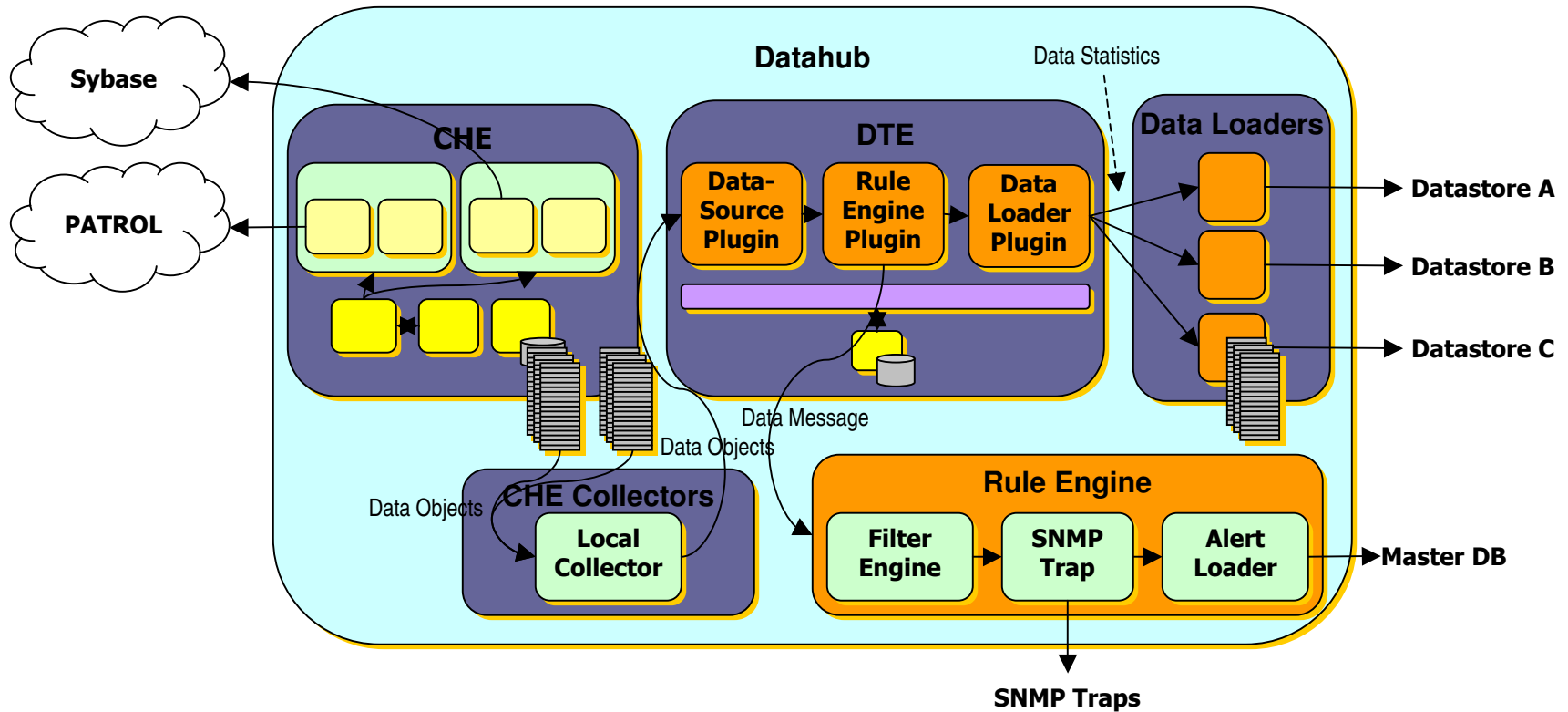
- Partner with ESM Vendors (BMC, HP, CA,...)
 - Help customers leverage software investments
 - Integrate
 - Collect Management Data
 - Analysis / Planning / Reporting

- ESM Integrator™ Platform
 - Service / Product





ESM Integrator™ Datahub



Management



Management: What is it?

- Configuring
 - Initialization (DI)
 - Runtime / Operational

- Controlling
 - Life-cycle: start, stop, suspend, resume
 - Availability (load-balancing, capacity)

- Monitoring
 - Performance
 - Health
 - State



Why is Manageability Important?

- `logger.setLevel(Level.DEBUG)` ?
- Analogy: Internationalization
 - Retrofitting can be difficult
 - Cost prohibitive
- Static configurations are limiting
- Integration
 - Expose counters / operations / state
 - Event notification
 - Remote management



JMX Overview



JMX: A Brief History

- JSR 3: Java Management eXtensions
 - Initiated: 1998
 - Precursors: JMAPI, JDMK
 - 1.0 RI released: 12/2000
 - 1.2 → Java 1.5

- JSR 160: JMX Remote API
 - Initiated: 2001
 - RMI + Generic Protocol (JMXMP)
 - 1.0 Release: 10/2003
 - 1.0 → Java 1.5



JMX: A Brief History

- JSR 77: J2EE Management
 - Initiated: 2000
 - Standard J2EE management model for
 - Server resource management
 - Application lifecycle control
 - Performance monitoring
 - Defines:
 - Managed Object naming conventions
 - "Standard" J2EE Managed Objects
 - Access via:
 - Management EJB (MEJB) (required)
 - SNMP Agent (optional)
 - CIM / WBEM (optional)
 - 1.0 → J2EE 1.4



What is JMX?

- Architecture, APIs, Design Patterns

- Components:
 - Managed (Instrumented) Resources
 - Agents (and their services)
 - Connectors / Adapters

- Goals:
 - Instrument Java Code
 - Create Smart Java Agents
 - Implement Management Middleware
 - Integrate with Industry Standard Management Platforms

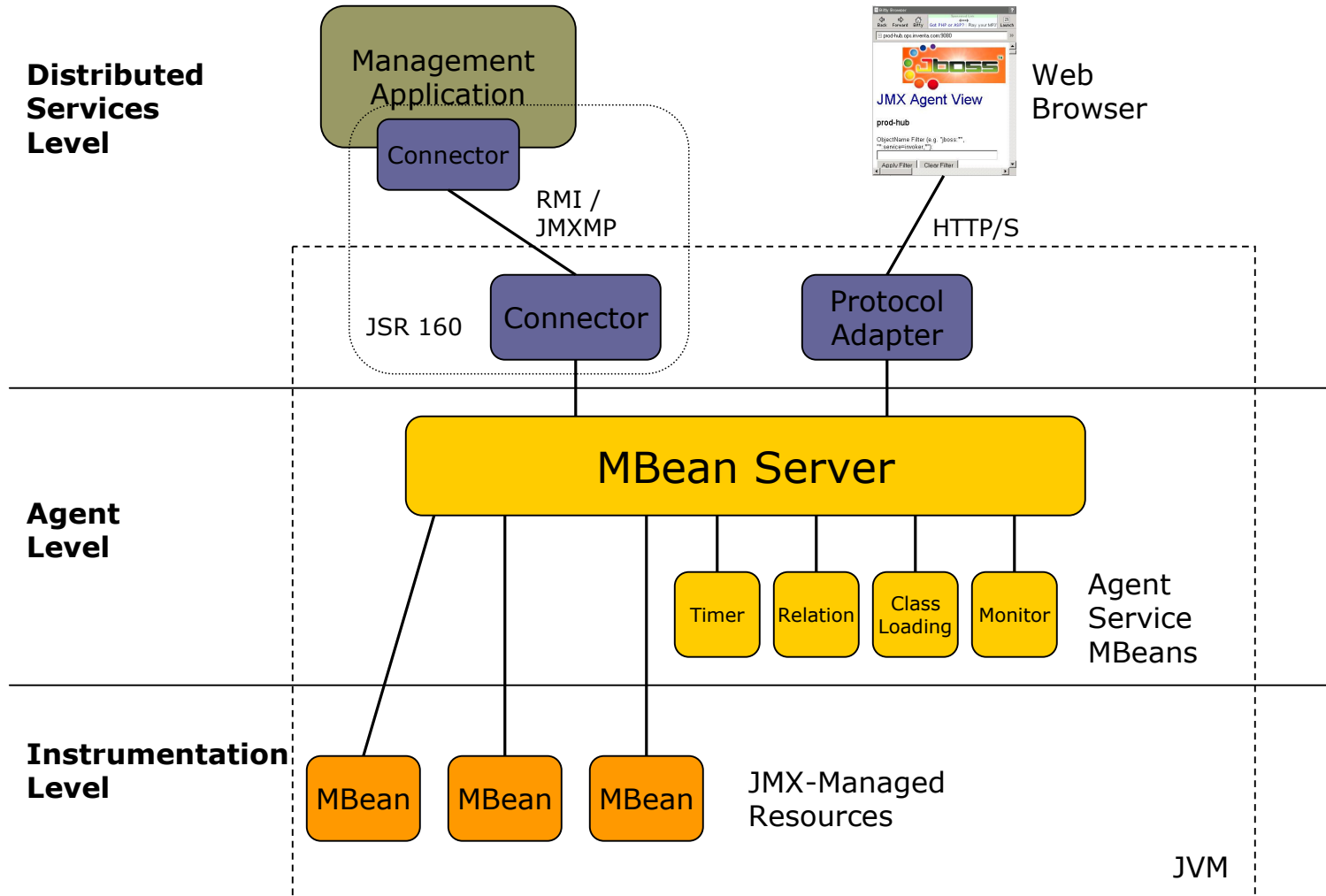


JMX Summarized

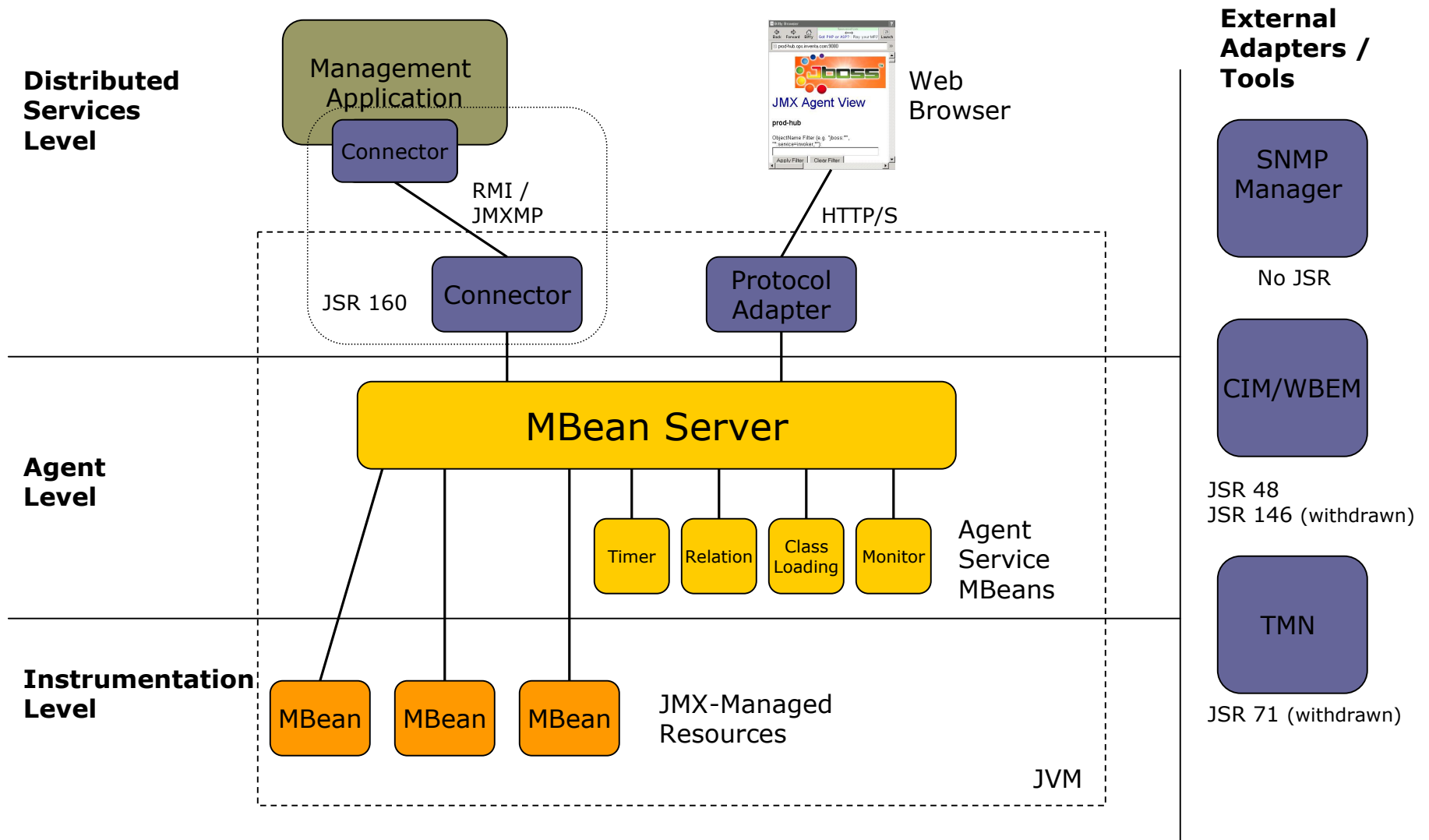
- Resources are instrumented with Management Beans (MBeans)
- MBeans expose the interface that is used to manage the resource:
 - Attributes (getter/setter)
 - Operations
 - Notifications (events)
- MBeans are registered in an agent (`javax.management.MBeanServer`)
- Registered MBeans are visible to local or remote management applications through the agent.



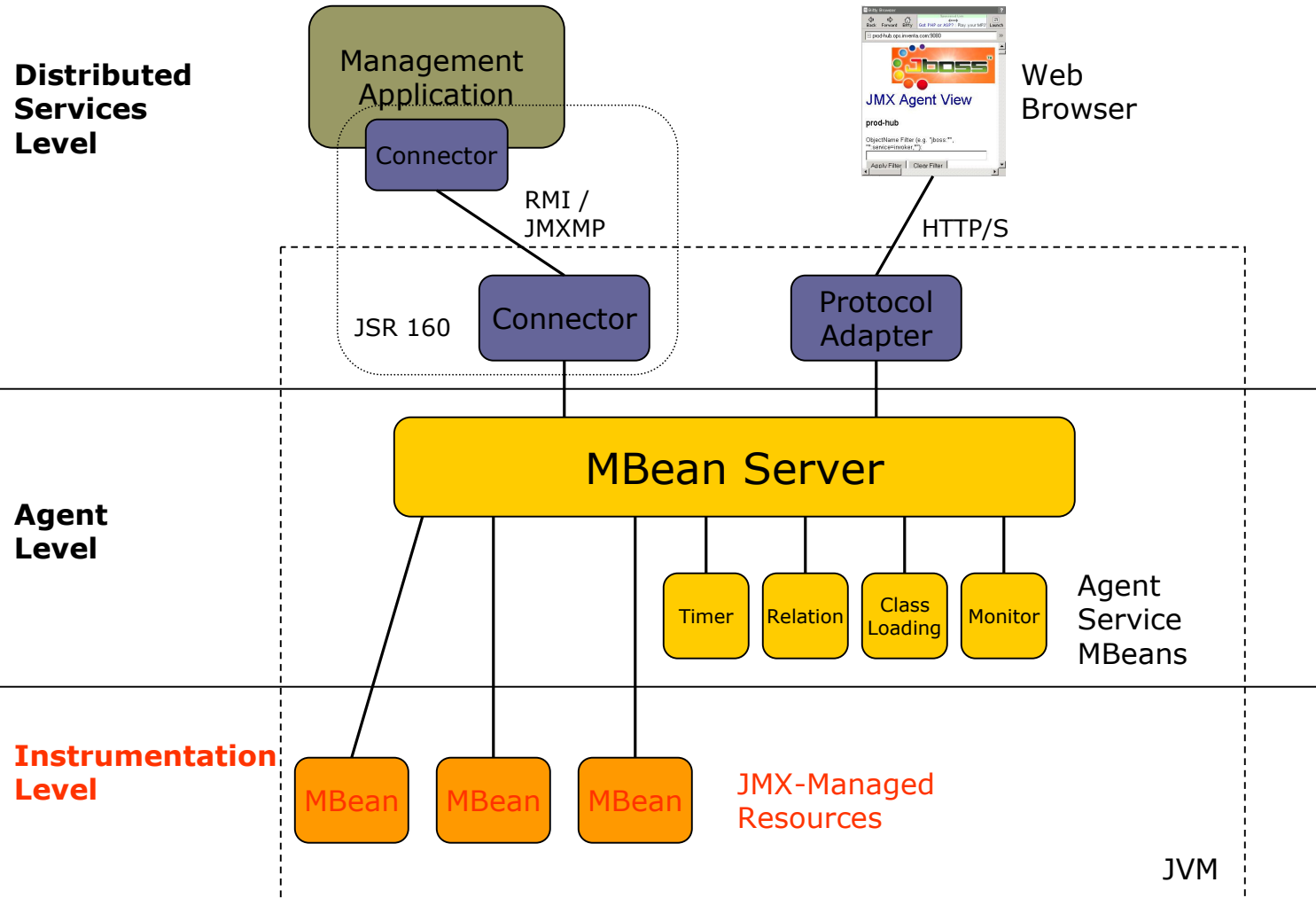
JMX Architecture



JMX Architecture



JMX Architecture



JMX Instrumentation Level

□ Standard MBean

■ Concrete Java class providing:

- Implementation of its corresponding static MBean interface
e.g.: `class Manageable implements ManageableMBean`
- Optionally, an implementation of the `NotificationBroadcaster` interface

□ Dynamic MBean

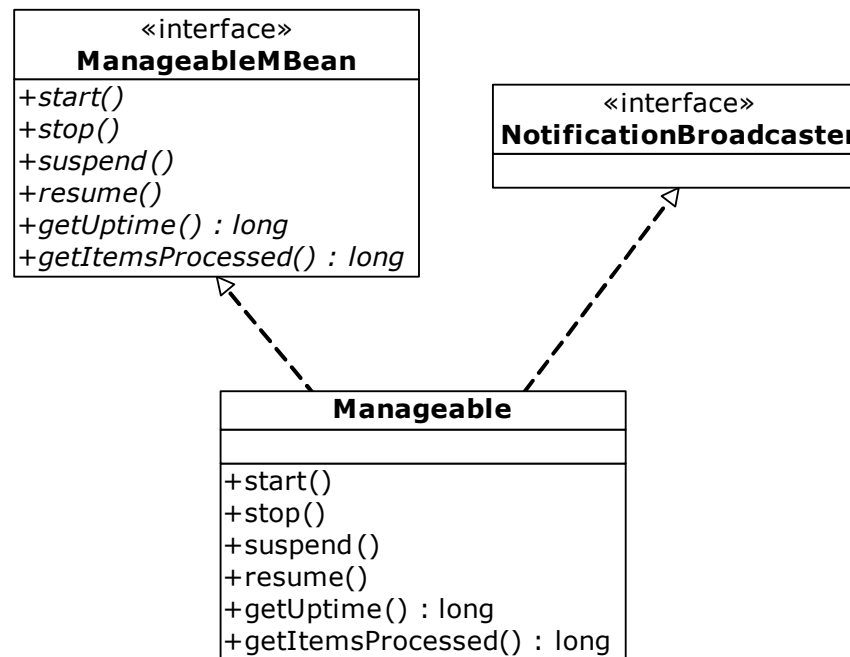
■ Concrete Java class providing:

- Implementation of the `DynamicMBean` interface
- Optionally, an implementation of the `NotificationBroadcaster` interface

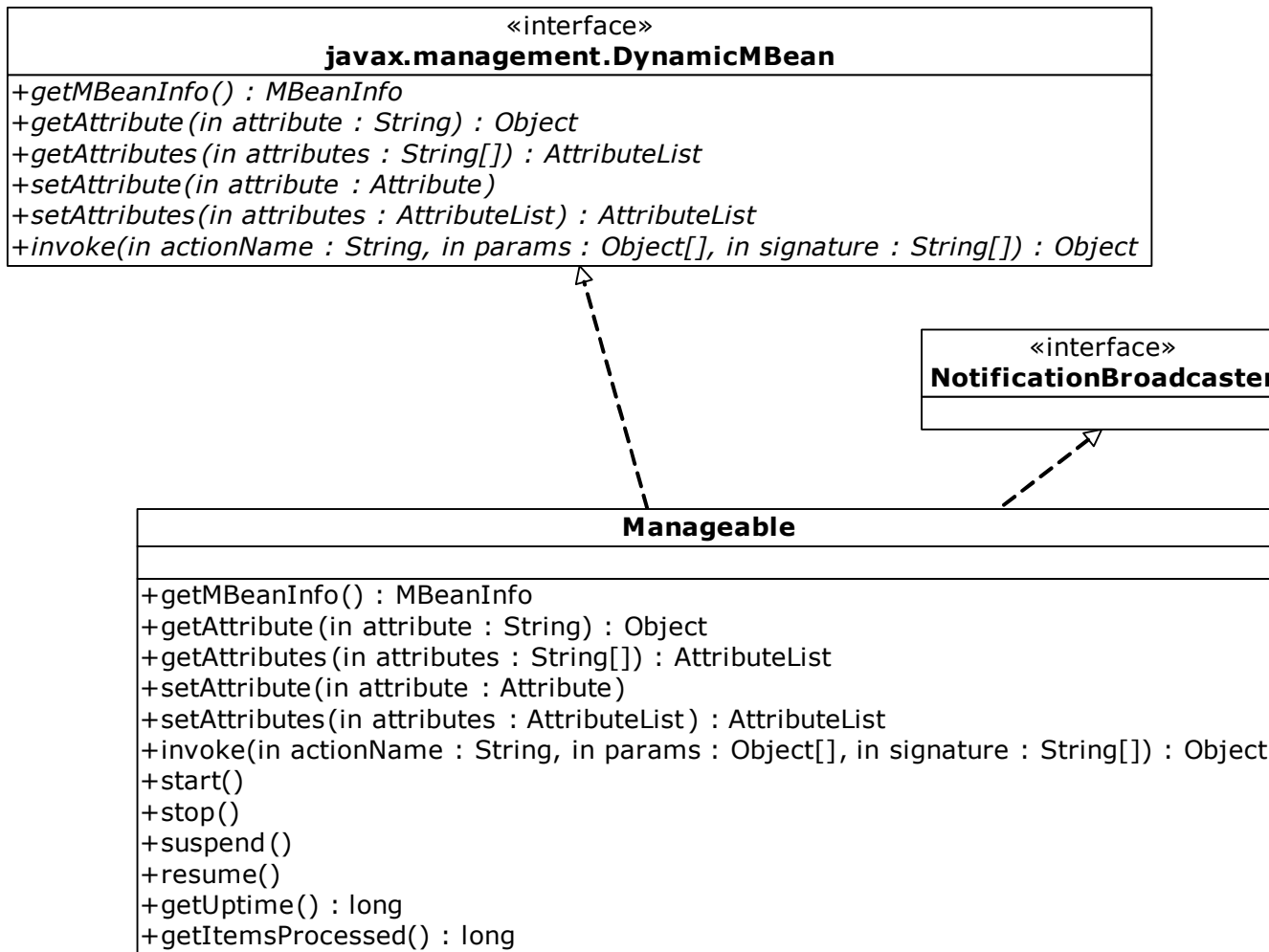
□ Only difference is development model!



Standard MBean



Dynamic MBean



Other Dynamic MBeans

□ Open MBeans

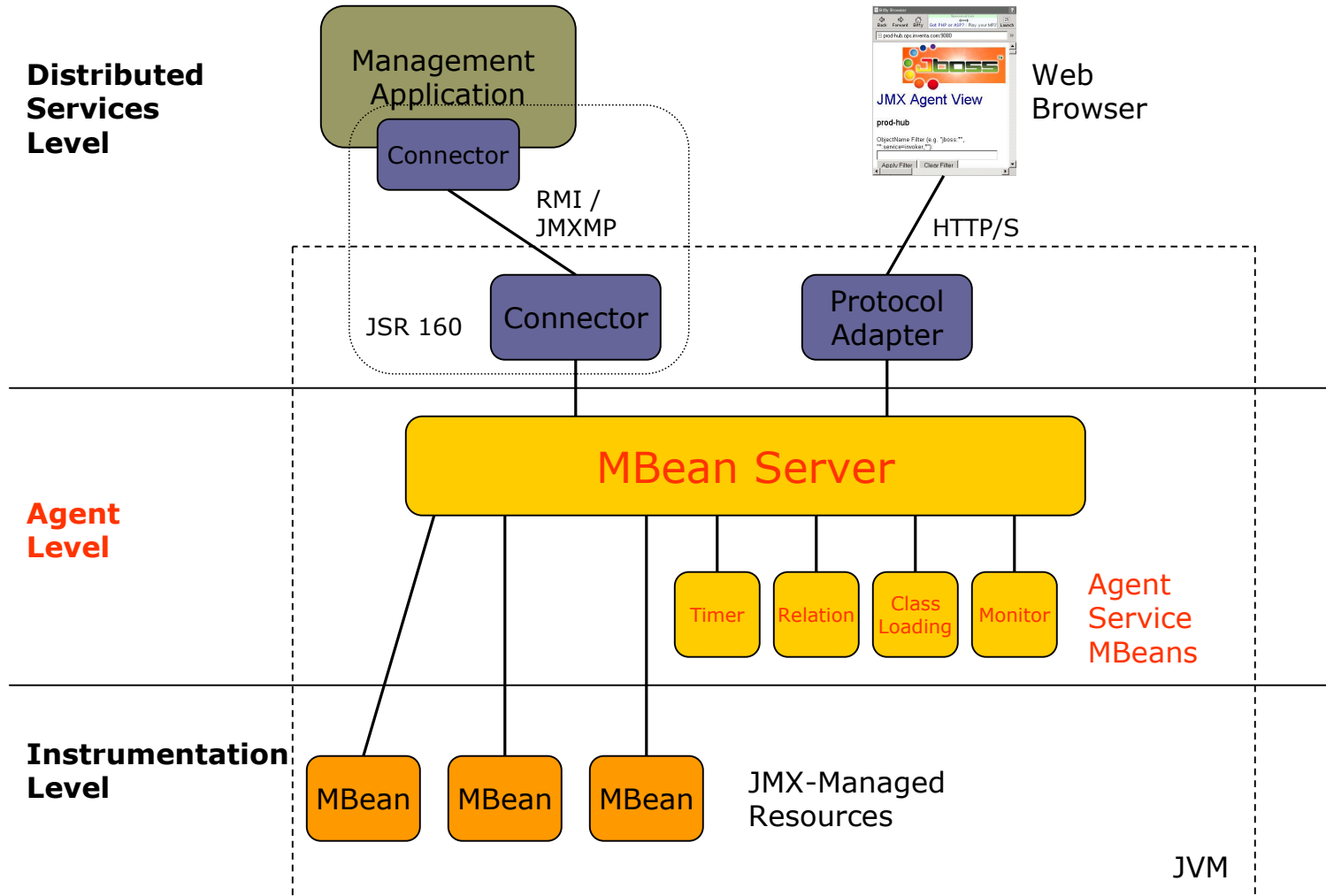
- “Open” to the widest range of management applications
- Use a small set of universal Java types.
- Fully advertise / describe their functionality
- Useful when management application does not have access to the agent’s Java classes

□ Model MBeans

- Truly dynamic
- Allows “on-the-fly” creation of MBeans
- Instantiate `RequiredModelMBean`, `Configure`, `Register`



JMX Architecture



JMX Agent Level

- Foundation Classes
- MBean Server
- Agent Services



Foundation Classes

- API argument types, return values
 - `ObjectName`
 - `ObjectInstance`
 - `Attribute`, `AttributeList`
- Metadata classes:
 - `MBeanInfo`
 - `MBeanFeatureInfo`
 - `MBeanAttributeInfo`
 - `MBeanOperationInfo`
 - `MBeanConstructorInfo`
 - `MBeanParameterInfo`
 - `MBeanNotificationInfo`



Object Names

- `javax.management.ObjectName`
- Uniquely identifies MBean within MBeanServer
- Consists of:
 - Domain (optional)
 - If omitted, MBeanServer supplies default
 - Unordered set of one or more property pairs
 - Any characters except `" , = * ? :`
 - Case-sensitive!
 - Syntax: `[domainName]:property=value[,property=value]*`
- Example: `myDomain:type=Service,Service=scheduler`
- Conventions
 - Domain: `com.inventa.services`
 - Include "type" property to aid searches
- Canonical form
 - Properties sorted lexicographically for comparison



Object Names – Pattern Matching

□ Domain

- File globbing conventions (*, ?)

□ Properties

- No wildcard matching on name / value
- Wildcard for unspecified properties

□ Examples

- All MBeans in all domains: `"*:*"`
- All MBeans in default domain: `"*"`
- All MBeans of type "Service": `"*:type=Service,*"`



MBean Server

- Registry for MBeans in the agent, provides all services for manipulating MBeans
- `interface javax.management.MBeanServer`
- Implementation(s) obtained via `MBeanServerFactory.findMBeanServer()`
- Object Name:
`JMImplementation:type=MBeanServerDelegate`



MBean Registration

- Instantiate and register
 - `createMBean(String className, ObjectName name)`
 - `createMBean(String className, ObjectName name, Object params[], String signature[])`

- Register pre-existing
 - `registerMBean(Object object, ObjectName name)`

- Unregister
 - `unregisterMBean(ObjectName name)`



MBean Queries

```
/* Find all the JBoss JMS Queue MBeans */
```

```
MBeanServer server = ...
```

```
ObjectName name = new
```

```
    ObjectName("jboss.mq.destination:service=Queue,*");
```

```
Set queueNames = server.queryNames(name, null);
```

```
Set queues = server.queryMBeans(name, null);
```



MBean Operations

□ Metadata

- `getMBeanInfo(ObjectName name)`

□ Attributes

- `getAttribute(ObjectName name, String attribute)`
- `getAttributes(ObjectName name, String[] attributes)`
- `setAttribute(ObjectName name, Attribute attribute)`
- `setAttributes(ObjectName name, AttributeList attributes)`

□ Operations

- `invoke(ObjectName name, String operationName, Object params[], String signature[])`



Method Calls, JMX 1.1

```
public interface CachingManagerMBean {
    String[] getManagerNames();
    void clearCache(String managerName);
}
```

```
MBeanServer server = ...
```

```
ObjectName name = new
    ObjectName("inventa:type=Service,service=CachingManager");
```

```
String[] managers = (String[])server.getAttribute(name, "ManagerNames");
```

```
for (String manger : Managers) {
```

```
    Object result = server.invoke(
        name, "clearCache",
        new Object[]{manager},
        new String[]{String.class.getName()});
```

```
}
```



Method Calls, JMX 1.2

```
MBeanServer server = ...
```

```
ObjectName name = new  
    ObjectName("inventa:type=Service,service=CachingManager");
```

```
CachingManagerMBean cachingManager = (CachingManagerMBean)  
    MBeanServerInvocationHandler.newProxyInstance(  
                                                server,  
                                                name,  
                                                CachingManagerMBean.class,  
                                                false);
```

```
String[] managers = cachingManager.getManagerNames();
```

```
for (String manger : Managers) {  
    cachingManager.clearCache(manger);  
}
```



Notifications

- MBeans can optionally implement **NotificationBroadcaster**
 - Allows listeners to register with MBean
 - MBeans should implement `getNotificationInfo()`

- In practice: MBeans extend **NotificationBroadcasterSupport**
 - Raise notifications with `sendNotification()`
 - Base class delivers to all registered listeners

- Listeners register via MBeanServer
 - `addNotificationListener(ObjectName name, NotificationListener listener, NotificationFilter filter, Object handback)`



Notifications

```
class NotifyingService
    extends NotificationBroadcasterSupport
    implements NotifyingMBean {
    .
    .
    .
    private void raiseAlert() {

        Notification n = new Notification(ALERT_EVENT_TYPE, this,
            getNextNotificationSequenceNumber());

        /* Add notification-specific information */
        Map context = new HashMap();
        context.put(...);
        n.setUserData(context);

        sendNotification(n);
    }
}
```

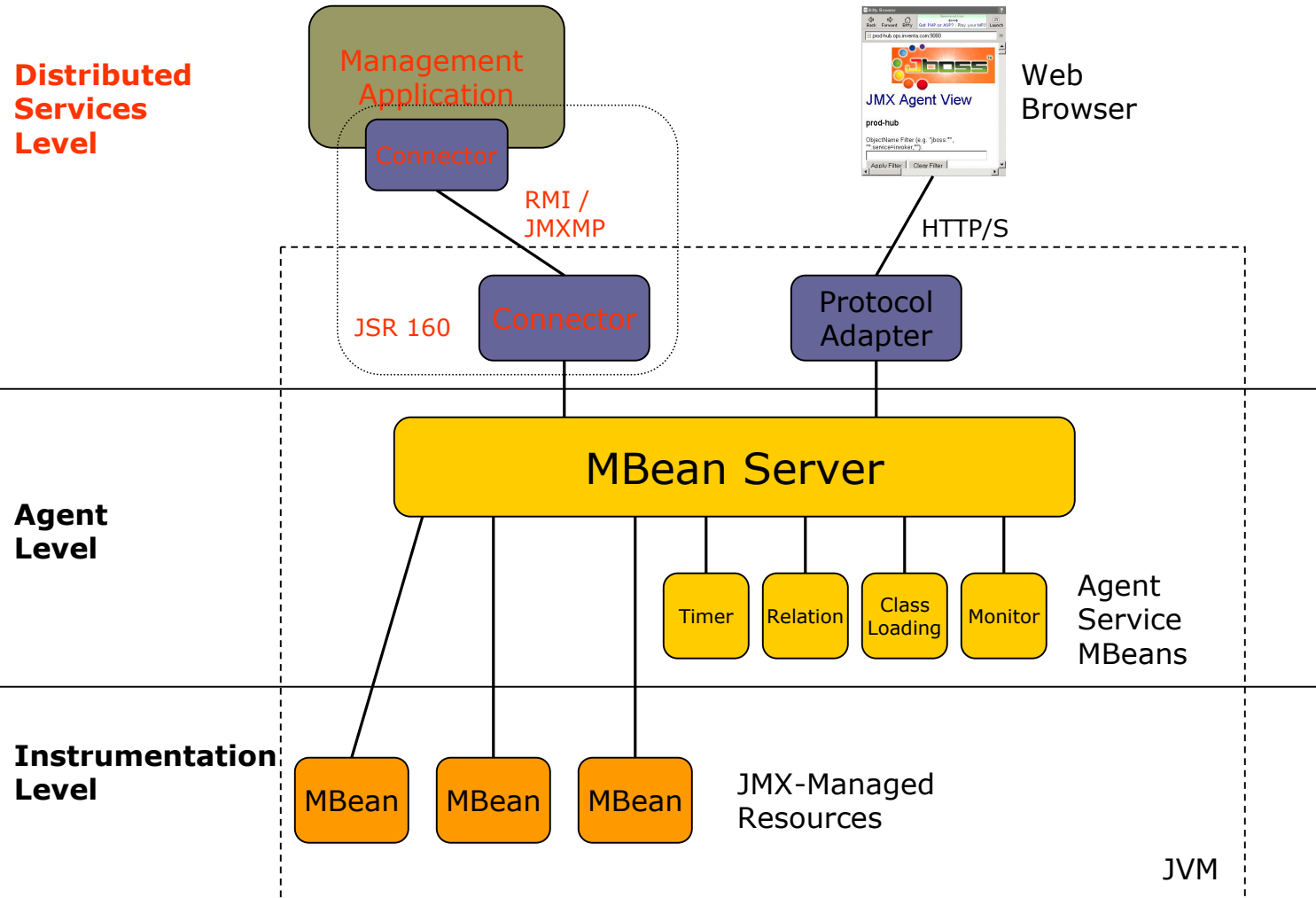


Agent Services

- Timer
 - Scheduling facility for single or periodic notifications
- Monitoring
 - Allows observation of other MBean's attributes
 - Receive notification when attribute satisfies certain conditions
- Class Loading
 - Provides remote class-loading when registering MBeans external to the MBeanServer.
- Relationship
 - Allows definition of multiplicity relationships between registered MBeans. (1..1, 1..n, etc)
 - Service maintains consistency, blocks creation of invalid relationships.
 - Relationships are separate from MBean registration – they can be added or removed but the MBeans are unaffected.



JMX Architecture



Distributed Service Level

- Connectors
 - JMX (JSR 3) defined the concept
 - JSR 160 defines Connector APIs
 - Default protocols are RMI, JMXMP
 - Other implementations: SOAP, Burlap, Hessian, ...
 - Good news: API independent of serialization protocol / transport

- Client interface: **JMXConnector**
 - Factory: **JMXConnectorFactory**

- Server interface: **JMXConnectorServer**
 - Factory: **JMXConnectorServerFactory**

- **JMXServiceURL** identifies server
 - `service:jmx:<protocol>://[[[<host>]:<port>]/<path>]`



Using Connectors

- Connector server is created / started either:
 - Standalone
 - By registering it as an MBean within the target MBeanServer

- Creating connector client:

```
JMXServiceURL address = new  
    JMXServiceURL("service:jmx:rmi://remoteHost");  
connector = JMXConnectorFactory.connect(address, null);
```

```
MBeanServerConnection server =  
    connector.getMBeanServerConnection();
```

- **MBeanServer implements MBeanServerConnection**

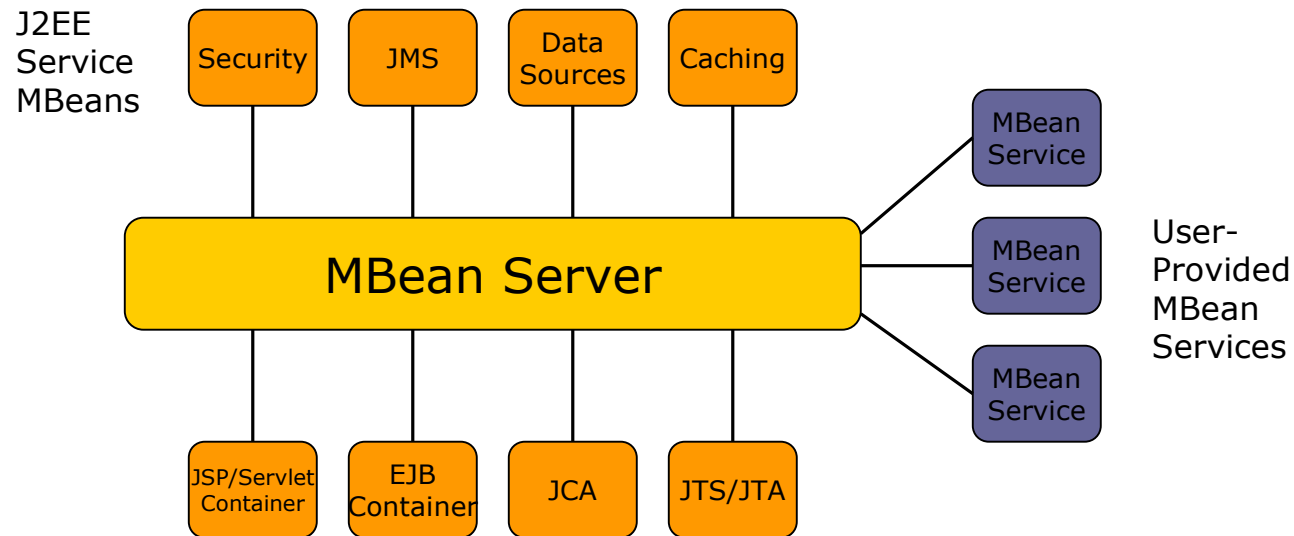


Hosting Spring in JBoss



JBoss 4

- JMX Microkernel, modular architecture



JBoss JMX Console / MBean Services



Demonstration

Spring JMX Support



Spring's Core JMX Features

- ❑ Automatic registration of *any* Spring bean as a JMX MBean
- ❑ Flexible control of the management interface
- ❑ Flexible control of Object Names
- ❑ Declarative exposure of MBeans over remote, JSR-160 connectors
- ❑ Proxying of both local and remote MBeans

- ❑ New features in Spring 2.0
 - Control of MBean registration behavior
 - Notification support



MBean Registration

- Core class **MBeanExporter**:
 - Registers Spring beans as JMX MBeans
- Explicit registration of any Spring bean:
 - Valid JMX MBeans
 - POJOs
- Automatic detection / registration of valid JMX MBeans



Explicit Registration

```
<bean id="exporter"  
      class="org.springframework.jmx.export.MBeanExporter"  
      lazy-init="false">  
  <property name="beans">  
    <map>  
      <entry  
key="inventable.service:type=Service,service=Manageable"  
      value-ref="Manageable"/>  
      <entry key="inventable.service:type=Person"  
      value-ref="John"/>  
    </map>  
  </property>  
</bean>
```



Automatic Registration

- `MBeanExporter` detects all valid JMX MBeans

```
<bean id="exporter"  
  class="org.springframework.jmx.export.MBeanExporter"  
  lazy-init="false">  
  
  <!-- Auto register any standard MBeans -->  
  <property name="autodetect" value="true"/>  
</bean>
```



Spring 2.0 Feature – Registration Behavior

- Use `MBeanExporter` "registrationBehaviorName" property

```
<property name="registrationBehaviorName"  
          value="REGISTRATION_FAIL_ON_EXISTING"/>
```

- `REGISTRATION_FAIL_ON_EXISTING`
- `REGISTRATION_IGNORE_EXISTING`
- `REGISTRATION_REPLACE_EXISTING`



Spring MBean Registration



Demonstration

Management Interface Control

- Powerful and comprehensive facilities
- Many ways to control the exposed interface
- **MBeanExporter** delegates to implementations of **MBeanInfoAssembler** for creating management interfaces at runtime
 - Reflection-based (default, exposes everything)
 - Source Level Annotation-based
 - Commons Attributes
 - JDK 5.0 Annotations
 - Java Interface-based
 - Method name-based



Method Name-Based Interface Assembly

```
<bean id="exporter"
      class="org.springframework.jmx.export.MBeanExporter"
      lazy-init="false">

  <property name="beans">
    <map>
      <entry key="inventor.service:type=Person"
            value-ref="John"/>
    </map>
  </property>
  <property name="assembler">
    <bean
      class="org.springframework.jmx.export.assembler.MethodNameBasedMBeanInfo
      Assembler">
      <property name="managedMethods">
        <value>setName, getName, setAge, getAge</value>
      </property>
    </bean>
  </property>
</bean>
```



Spring MBean Interface Control



Demonstration

Object Name Control

- Many ways to control ObjectNames as well...
- **MBeanExporter** delegates to implementations of **ObjectNamingStrategy** for creating ObjectNames
 - Based on key from “beans” property map (default)
 - Based on external Properties file
 - Based on JVM’s notion of object identity
 - Based on source-level annotation



JSR 160 Connectors / Proxies

- ❑ Spring JMX supports creating both server and client Connector beans.
- ❑ A client Connector bean could point to any remote MBeanServer
- ❑ Spring can proxy remote objects:

```
<bean id="clientConnector"  
  class="org.springframework.jmx.support.MBeanServerConnectionFactoryBean">  
  <property name="serviceUrl" value="service:jmx:rmi://remotehost:9875"/>  
</bean>
```

```
<bean id="proxy"  
  class="org.springframework.jmx.access.MBeanProxyFactoryBean">  
  <property name="objectName" value="bean:name=testBean"/>  
  <property name="proxyInterface"  
    value="org.springframework.jmx.IJmxTestBean"/>  
  <property name="server" ref="clientConnector"/>  
</bean>
```



Thanks!



Questions?

References / Resources

- ❑ JMX Home: <http://java.sun.com/products/JavaManagement>
- ❑ JMX Best Practices:
<http://java.sun.com/products/JavaManagement/best-practices.html>
- ❑ Harold, Ward et. al, Java™ and JMX: Building Manageable Systems, Addison-Wesley Professional, 2003.
- ❑ Spring Framework 2.0.x Reference:
<http://static.springframework.org/spring/docs/2.0.x/reference/index.html>
- ❑ JBoss 4 Application Server Guide:
<http://docs.jboss.org/jbossas/jboss4guide/r5/html/>

